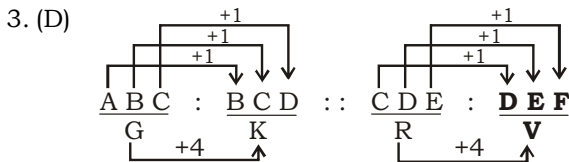


SSC MOCK TEST – 85 (SOLUTION)

1. (B) P U R I
 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
 16 + 21 + 18 + 9 = 64
 $\Rightarrow \frac{64}{4 \text{ letters}} = 16$

Similarly,
 H O T E L
 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
 8 + 15 + 20 + 5 + 12 = 60
 $\Rightarrow \frac{60}{5 \text{ letters}} = 12$

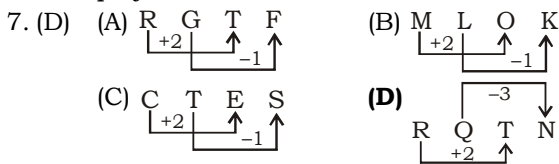
2. (C) First is the classical dance of second.



4. (B) Chair is made of wood. Similarly, **Mesh** is made from wire.

5. (D) In other options, money is deposited whereas in salary money is paid.

6. (D) Long jump is played individually, whereas other games are played between two players.



8. (D) Except $11\frac{2}{9}$, others have 100 as a numerator.

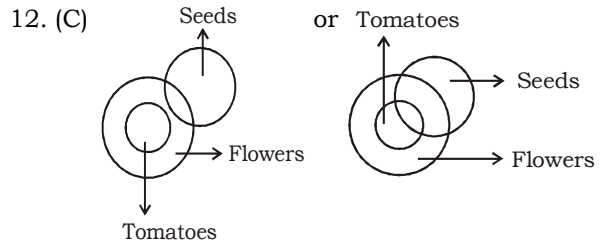
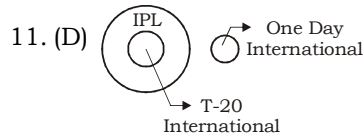
$9\frac{1}{11} = \frac{100}{11}$; $7\frac{9}{13} = \frac{100}{13}$; $5\frac{15}{17} = \frac{100}{17}$

But, $11\frac{2}{9} = \frac{101}{9}$

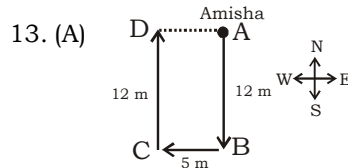
9. (C) Lend Leopard Lie Life Loan Long
 1 6 5 4 3 2

10. (B) Radhe : Mohan = x : 10x
 Today = x + 10x + $\frac{10 \text{ yrs}}{5 \text{ yrs of each}}$ = 43 yrs.

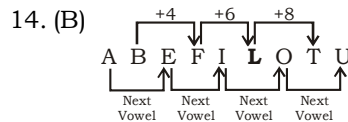
ATQ,
 $11x = 33$ or $x = 3$ and $10x = 30$
 Radhe : Mohan = 3 : 30 (5 yrs ago.)
 $\begin{array}{c} +15 \quad +15 \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ 18 \text{ yrs} \quad 45 \text{ yrs} \end{array}$ after 10 yrs from today (Total 15 yrs)
 \therefore Required difference = 45 - 18 = 27 yrs



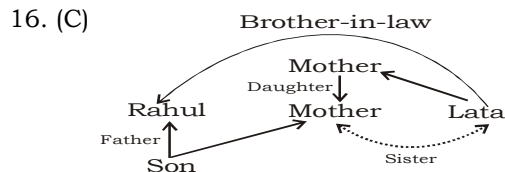
1. ✗ 2. ✗
 Neither Conclusion (1) nor (2) follows.



So, Amisha is facing towards the North direction after stopping.



15. (B) $2 \times 3 = 6$ $3 \times 5 = 15$ $5 \times 7 = 35$ $7 \times 11 = 77$
 $11 \times 13 = 143$ $13 \times 17 = 221$ $17 \times 19 = 323$ $19 \times 23 = 437$



So, Rahul is Lata's Brother-in-law.

17. (C) p p p / q p p q / p p p / q p p q / p p p

18. (C) $\frac{24 + 18}{3} = 14$; $\frac{74 + 38}{8} = 14$;

$\frac{64 + 62}{9} = 14$

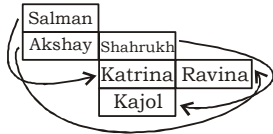
19. (B) $14 \times 4 = 56$ $16 \times 5 = 80$ $29 \times 7 = 203$
 $2 + 2 = 4$ $3 + 2 = 5$ $1 + 6 = 7$

20. (B) $\sqrt{169} + \sqrt{64} + \sqrt{81} = 13 + 8 + 9 = 30$

$\sqrt{625} + \sqrt{324} + \sqrt{49} = 25 + 18 + 7 = 50$

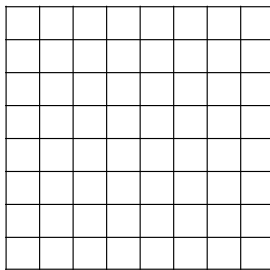
$\sqrt{1296} + \sqrt{576} + \sqrt{100} = 36 + 24 + 10 = 70$

21. (D)



So, Salman will appear opposite to Katrina.

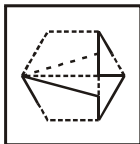
22. (A)



Number of squares in a chess board
 $= 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + 5^2 + 6^2 + 7^2 + 8^2$
 $= 1 + 4 + 9 + 16 + 25 + 36 + 49 + 64 = 204$

23. (C)

24. (D)



25. (D) 59, 11, 24, 88

P I N K

26. (D) The words Satyameva Jayate came from Mundaka Upanishad, meaning 'Truth Alone Triumphs'. The Mundaka Upanishad is an ancient Sanskrit Vedic text, embedded inside Atharva Veda. It is a Mukhya (primary) Upanishad, and is listed at number 5 in the Muktika canon of 108 Upanishads of Hinduism. It is among the most widely translated Upanishads.

27. (A) Process of soil erosion:- splash erosion, sheet erosion, rill erosion, and gully erosion.

- In **splash erosion**, the impact of a falling raindrop creates a small crater in the soil, ejecting soil particles.
- If the soil is saturated, or if the rainfall rate is greater than the rate at which water can infiltrate into the soil, surface runoff occurs. **Sheet erosion** is the transport of loosened soil particles by overland flow.
- **Rill erosion** refers to the development of small, ephemeral concentrated flow paths which function as both sediment source

and sediment delivery systems for erosion on hillslopes.

- **Gully erosion** occurs when runoff water accumulates and rapidly flows in narrow channels during or immediately after heavy rains or melting snow, removing soil to a considerable depth.

28. (B) Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSPs) aim to create social and economic conditions under which the citizens can lead a good life. They also aim to establish social and economic democracy through a welfare state. The Directive Principles of State Policy is guidelines/principles given to the central and state governments of India, to be kept in mind while framing laws and policies.

29. (A) From the economic point of view equilibrium in the marginal utility derived from the goods consumed and money paid. The consumers would be in equilibrium if the satisfaction derived from each commodity is equal to each other.

31. (D) Nichrome is a non-magnetic alloy of nickel, chromium, and iron, usually used as a resistance wire. A common alloy is 80% nickel and 20% chromium, by mass. This alloying provides nichrome properties like hardness and ductility.

33. (B) Hopman cup is a hard-court tennis tournament held every year in Australia. Teams from different countries participate in the tournament. France was the winner for year 2017.

34. (A) The world's first-ever digital ambassador has been created by Denmark that will work on building ties with the global tech giants like Google, Apple, IBM and Microsoft. The new appointment will be a tech liaison and reflect a diplomatic power shift between the established nations and privately-owned unions.

35. (D) Party funding in Austria has been subject to public regulation and public subsidies since 1975. Party finance in Germany is the subject of statutory reports, in which up to 35 parties file annually with the administration of the German Parliament.

36. (A) Amir Khusrau (1253 -1325 CE), a Persian poet was associated with the rulers of Delhi Sultanate. He composed poetry in Arabic and Persian besides being the first writer to use Urdu as a medium of poetic expression.

37. (D) Singapore is located near the Equator. It has a tropical climate, where it is hot and wet throughout the year. Latitude of Singapore is 1° 22" North of the Equator.

39. (D) Per capita real income is nothing but NNP at factor cost. It means national income is sum total of all factor incomes adjusted for increase in prices.

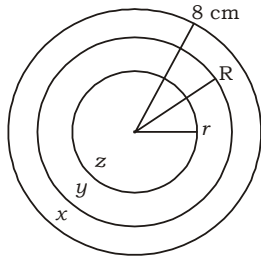
40. (D) When light enters from rarer (air) to denser (glass) medium wavelength and velocity will get affected. The velocity will decrease. Moreover, as the ray bent in passing through different media, it results in decrease of wavelength. As such there is no change in frequency when light enters from air to glass.
41. (B) Compressed natural gas (CNG) is made by compressing natural gas which is composed of Methane (CH_4), it also contain small amount of ethane.
Coal gas typically contains Hydrogen, Methane and Carbon Monoxide.
LPG is the abbreviation or short form of Liquefied Petroleum gas. The major constituent of LPG is Propane and Butane. Water gas is a synthesis gas, containing Carbon Monoxide and Hydrogen.
43. (B) Ciris Mittenaere, a dental student from France, has been crowned the new Miss Universe 2016 at the annual pageant at the Mall of Asia Arena in Metro Manila, Philippines on January 30th, 2017. She is the 2nd Miss Universe from France after Christiane Martel, who was crowned Miss Universe in 1953.
44. (D) Morley-Minto reforms - 1909;
Simon Commission-1927;
Chauri-Chaura Incident-1922;
Dandi March-1930.
45. (B) Nanda Devi peaks are a part of Kumaon Himalayas located in Chamoli district of Uttaranchal. Nanda Devi is the second highest mountain in India, and the highest one located within the country. (Kangchenjunga, which is higher, is on the border of India and Nepal.) It is the 23rd-highest peak in the world.
46. (A) The fundamental object of Panchayati Raj system is to ensure people's participation in development, political accountability and democratic decentralization.
47. (B) Participatory Notes (PNs / P-Notes) are instruments used by investors or hedge funds that are not registered with the SEBI (Securities and Exchange Board of India) to invest in Indian securities. Participatory notes are instruments that derive their value from an underlying financial instrument such as an equity share and, hence, the word, 'derivative instruments'. SEBI permitted FIIs to register and participate in the Indian stock market in 1992.
50. (D) Amulya Kumar Patnaik, the 1985 batch IPS officer, has been appointed as the new Commissioner of Delhi Police. He succeeded Alok Kumar Verma, who has been appointed as the new chief of Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI).
51. (B) $+25\% - 40\% + (+25\%)$ of $(-40\%) = -25\%$
So, expenditure of sugar decreases by 25%
52. (C) Fresh fruit has 68% water, so 32% is fruit content.
Dry fruit has 20% water, so 80% is fruit content.
Let the weight of dry fruit be y kg.
ATQ,
$$\therefore \frac{32}{100} \times 100 = \frac{80}{100} \times y$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 40 \text{ gm}$$

$$\therefore \text{Weight of dry fruit is } 40 \text{ gm.}$$
53. (B) Let the present age of mother be x years.
 \therefore Present age of son = $(30 - x)$ years
6 years ago, mother's age = $(x - 6)$ years
and son's age = $30 - x - 6 = 24 - x$ years
According to the question,
 $(x - 6) - (24 - x) = 12$
 $\Rightarrow x - 6 - 24 + x = 12$
 $\Rightarrow 2x - 30 = 12$
 $\Rightarrow 2x = 12 + 30$
 $\Rightarrow 2x = 42$
 $\Rightarrow x = 21$
 \therefore Present age of son = $30 - 21 = 9$ years
54. (D) $\frac{\tan \theta + \sin \theta}{\tan \theta - \sin \theta}$
$$\frac{\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} + \sin \theta}{\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} - \sin \theta} = \frac{\sin \theta \left(\frac{1}{\cos \theta} + 1 \right)}{\sin \theta \left(\frac{1}{\cos \theta} - 1 \right)} = \frac{\sec \theta + 1}{\sec \theta - 1}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{\cos \theta} + 1}{\frac{1}{\cos \theta} - 1} = \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{1 - \cos \theta}$$
55. (D) Area of $z = \frac{\pi 8^2}{3}$
$$\therefore \pi r^2 = \frac{\pi \cdot 8^2}{3} \Rightarrow r^2 = \frac{8^2}{3}$$

$$\therefore r = \frac{8}{\sqrt{3}}$$



$$\text{Area of } y = \frac{\pi 8^2}{3}$$

$$\therefore \pi R^2 - \pi r^2 = \frac{\pi 8^2}{3}$$

$$R^2 - r^2 = \frac{8^2}{3}$$

$$\therefore R^2 - \frac{8^2}{3} = \frac{8^2}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow R^2 = \frac{8^2}{3} + \frac{8^2}{3} = \frac{64}{3} + \frac{64}{3} = \frac{128}{3}$$

$$\therefore R = \sqrt{\frac{128}{3}} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\therefore \text{The ratio of radii} = 8 : R : r$$

$$= 8 : \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} : \frac{8}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= 1 : \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} : \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3} : \sqrt{2} : 1$$

$$\therefore \text{The ratio in ascending order} = 1 : \sqrt{2} : \sqrt{3}$$

56. (B) $2\sin\alpha + 15\cos^2\alpha = 7$
 $\Rightarrow 2\sin\alpha + 15(1 - \sin^2\alpha) = 7$
 $\therefore 2\sin\alpha + 15 - 15\sin^2\alpha = 7$
 $\Rightarrow 15\sin^2\alpha - 2\sin\alpha - 8 = 0$
 $\therefore 15\sin^2\alpha - 12\sin\alpha + 10\sin\alpha - 8 = 0$
 $\therefore 3\sin\alpha(5\sin\alpha - 4) + 2(5\sin\alpha - 4) = 0$
 $\therefore (5\sin\alpha - 4)(3\sin\alpha + 2) = 0$
 $\therefore 3\sin\alpha + 2 \neq 0$ but $5\sin\alpha - 4 = 0$
 $\therefore 5\sin\alpha = 4 \Rightarrow \sin\alpha = \frac{4}{5} \Rightarrow \cos\alpha = \frac{3}{5}$

$$\therefore \sin^2\alpha - \cos^2\alpha = \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 = \frac{7}{25}$$

57. (C) Let us convert the ratio in ₹ 1 form

4	:	6	:	9
↓		↓		↓
4x		6x		9x
↓×5		↓×2		↓×1
20x		12x		9x

As, Total amount = ₹ 287

$$[20x + 12x + 9x] = 287$$

$$x = 7$$

$$\therefore \text{Value of ₹ 1 coin} = 9 \times 7 = 63$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of ₹ 1 coin} = \frac{63}{1} = 63$$

58. (B) Let the CP of first article = x
 then the CP of second article = $7500 - x$
 ATQ,

$$\text{SP of first article} = \frac{6x}{5}$$

$$\text{SP of second article} = \frac{1500 - x}{2}$$

$$\text{Given, } x = \frac{1500 - x}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x + x = 1500$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x = 1500 \Rightarrow x = 500$$

$$\therefore \text{CP of first article} = 500$$

$$\text{SP of first article will be} = 600$$

$$\therefore \text{Profit} = ₹ 100$$

$$\text{CP of second article} = 1500 - 500 = 1000$$

$$\text{SP of second article will be} = \frac{1500 - 1000}{2}$$

$$\therefore \text{Loss} = ₹ 250$$

$$\text{So, over all loss} = 250 - 100 = ₹ 150$$

59. (A) $x + \frac{1}{x} = 3 \Rightarrow \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = 3^2$

$$\therefore x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 2 = 9 \Rightarrow x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 7$$

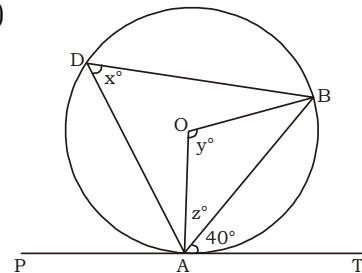
$$\Rightarrow \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^3 = 7^3$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2)^3 + \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)^3 + 3 \cdot x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{x^2} \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) = 343$$

$$\Rightarrow x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} + 3 \times 1 \times 7 = 343$$

$$\Rightarrow x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} = 343 - 21 = 322$$

60. (A)



$\therefore x^\circ$ is a angle in the alternative segment for $\angle BAT$

$$\Rightarrow \angle BAT = x = 40^\circ$$

$\therefore y^\circ$ is angle at centre and x° is angle in the remaining arc

$$\Rightarrow y^\circ = x \times 2 = 80^\circ$$

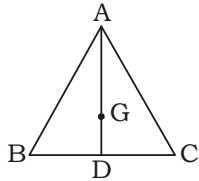
\therefore in $\triangle OAB$, $\angle OBA = \angle OAB = z^\circ$

$$\Rightarrow y + z + z = 180^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow 80^\circ + 2z = 180^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow z = 50^\circ$$

61. (C)



$$AB = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$BD = 4 \text{ cm}$$

$$\angle ADB = 90^\circ$$

$$\therefore AD = \sqrt{AB^2 - BD^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{8^2 - 4^2} = \sqrt{64 - 16} = \sqrt{48} = 4\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}$$

$$AG = \frac{2}{3}AD = \frac{2}{3} \times 4\sqrt{3} = \frac{8\sqrt{3}}{3} \text{ cm}$$

62. (A) Distance travelled by A = $2 \times$ distance

$$\text{between two points} \times \left(\frac{a}{a+b}\right)$$

$$= 2 \times 14 \times \frac{3}{7} = 12 \text{ km}$$

63. (B) $x = a(b-c) \Rightarrow \frac{x}{a} = (b-c)$

$$y = b(c-a) \Rightarrow \frac{y}{b} = (c-a)$$

$$z = c(a-b) \Rightarrow \frac{z}{c} = (a-b)$$

$$\therefore \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^3$$

$$= (b-c)^3 + (c-a)^3 + (a-b)^3$$

$$[\because b-c + c-a + a-b = 0]$$

$$= 3 \cdot (b-c) \cdot (c-a) \cdot (a-b)$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \cdot \frac{x}{a} \cdot \frac{y}{b} \cdot \frac{z}{c} = \frac{3xyz}{abc}$$

64. (D) LCM of 5, 6 and 8 = 120

$$\text{Required number} = 120K + 3$$

$$\text{When } K = 2, 120 \times 2 + 3 = 243$$

$$\text{Required number} = 243$$

and it is also completely divisible by 9.

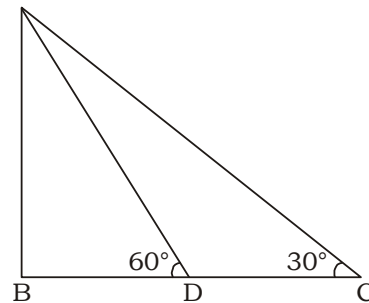
65. (B) Percent Gain = $\frac{\text{Error}}{\text{True value} - \text{Error}} \times 100$

$$= \frac{150}{850} \times 100 = \frac{300}{17} = 17\frac{11}{17}\%$$

66. (D) We should have S.I., principal and time to find the rate.

Since the principal is not given, so data is inadequate and we can't find the required interest.

67. (B) A



$$\text{Height of the tower} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\cot 60 - \cot 30}$$

$$= \frac{10}{\sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{10}{\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}} = 5\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$

68. (C) $P + Q \rightarrow 30$ 4

$$Q + R \rightarrow 24$$
 120 — 5

$$R + P \rightarrow 20$$
 6

1 day work of $P + Q + R = 7.5$ units/day

\therefore Efficiency of $P = 2.5$ units/day

Remaining work after 10 days = 45

Time taken by P to complete the work

$$= \frac{45}{2.5} = 18 \text{ days}$$

69. (D) $\sin \theta = \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$

$$\cos \theta = \sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2}{a^2 + b^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\therefore \tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{b}{a}$$

70. (B) As the numbers are co-prime, they contain only 1 as the common factor.

Also, the given two products have the middle number in common.

So, middle number

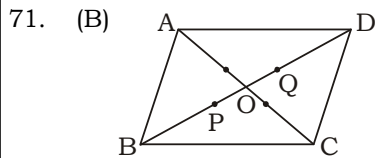
= H.C.F. of 551 and 1073 = 29

$$\text{First number} = \left(\frac{551}{29}\right) = 19$$

$$\text{Third number} = \left(\frac{1073}{29}\right) = 37$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Sum} = (19 + 29 + 37) = 85$$

$$\therefore \text{Required average} = \frac{85}{3} = 28.3$$



Centroid is the point where medians intersect. Diagonals of parallelogram bisect each other.

$$OP = \frac{1}{3} \times 7.5 = 2.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$OQ = \frac{1}{3} \times 7.5 = 2.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\therefore PQ = 2.5 + 2.5 = 5 \text{ cm}$$

72. (D) Required run rate = $\frac{345 - (2.5 \times 18)}{32}$

$$= \frac{300}{32} = 9.375$$

73. (C) Production in 2013 = 360 tonnes
Production in 2017 = 720 tonnes
Percent increase in production

$$= \frac{720 - 360}{360} \times 100 = 100\%$$

74. (C) Production in 2016 = 600 tonnes
Production in 2012 = 240 tonnes

$$\text{Percent increase} = \frac{600 - 240}{240} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{360}{240} \times 100 = 150\%$$

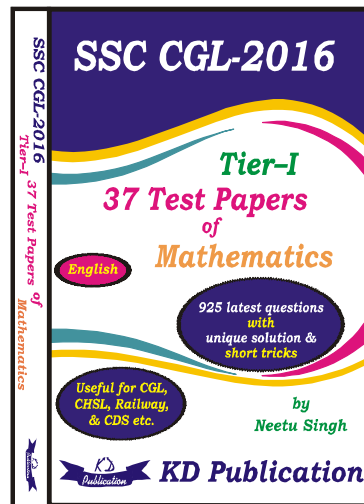
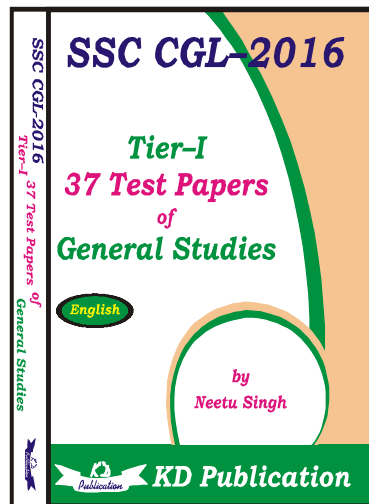
75. (C) Production in 2014 = 540
Production in 2015 = 480

$$\text{Percent decrease} = \frac{540 - 480}{540} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{60}{540} \times 100$$

$$= 11\frac{1}{9}\%$$

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MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Word	Meaning in English	Meaning in Hindi
Accomplished	highly trained or skilled.	निपुण, कुशल
Account	a description of an event or experience	विवरण, वृत्तांत
Adulatory	excessively praising or admiring.	चाटुकारितापूर्ण
Agenda	a list of items to be discussed at a formal meeting	कार्यसूची
Amicable	having a spirit of friendliness	सौहार्दपूर्ण
Claustrophobia	extreme or irrational fear of confined places	बंद स्थान से भय
Collaboration	participation	सहभागिता
Defiantly	in a way determined to refuse something	बेहिचक रूप से
Discreet	thoughtful and cautious	विचारशील
Disgruntled	angry or dissatisfied	नाराज, रोषपूर्ण
Elicit	to draw out a response	प्रतिक्रिया प्राप्त करना
Endocrinologist	a doctor who studies the part of medicine concerning the endocrine system and hormones	अन्तःस्रावविज्ञानी
Enlist	enroll	भर्ती होना
Evoke	bring or recall	आवाहन करना, बुलाना
Exuberance	the quality of being cheerful and full of energy	उत्साह
Foster	encourage or promote the development of something	प्रोत्साहित करना
Gerontologist	a person who studies the process and diseases of old age	वृद्धावस्था की बीमारी का अध्ययन करने वाला
Hydrophobia	extreme or irrational fear of water	पानी से भय
Immutable	fixed or permanent	दृढ़, स्थिर
Innuendo	an oblique disparaging remark	कटाक्ष
Jubilation	a feeling of great happiness and triumph	आनंदोत्सव, जश्न
Progeria	a rare syndrome in children characterized by physical signs and symptoms suggestive of premature old age.	बच्चों में पायी जाने वाली समयपूर्व वृद्ध होने की बीमारी
Prompt	cause or encourage	प्रेरित करना
Proposition	a proposal or thesis	प्रस्ताव
Recall	remember	याद करना
Recollect	remember	याद करना
Repress	subdue something	रोकना, दमन करना
Resilience	elasticity	लचीलापन
Rhinologist	a doctor associated with the treatment of nose	नाक का डॉक्टर
Scurrilous	having scandalous claims about someone	अपमानजनक



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SSC MOCK TEST - 85 (ANSWER KEY)

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (B) | 26. (D) | 51. (D) | 76. (C) |
| 2. (C) | 27. (A) | 52. (C) | 77. (B) |
| 3. (D) | 28. (B) | 53. (B) | 78. (C) |
| 4. (B) | 29. (A) | 54. (D) | 79. (B) |
| 5. (D) | 30. (B) | 55. (D) | 80. (A) |
| 6. (D) | 31. (D) | 56. (B) | 81. (D) |
| 7. (D) | 32. (D) | 57. (C) | 82. (C) |
| 8. (D) | 33. (B) | 58. (B) | 83. (A) |
| 9. (C) | 34. (A) | 59. (A) | 84. (A) |
| 10. (B) | 35. (D) | 60. (A) | 85. (C) |
| 11. (D) | 36. (A) | 61. (C) | 86. (A) |
| 12. (C) | 37. (D) | 62. (A) | 87. (A) |
| 13. (A) | 38. (A) | 63. (B) | 88. (D) |
| 14. (B) | 39. (D) | 64. (D) | 89. (B) |
| 15. (B) | 40. (D) | 65. (B) | 90. (B) |
| 16. (C) | 41. (B) | 66. (D) | 91. (C) |
| 17. (C) | 42. (B) | 67. (B) | 92. (D) |
| 18. (C) | 43. (B) | 68. (C) | 93. (D) |
| 19. (B) | 44. (D) | 69. (D) | 94. (B) |
| 20. (B) | 45. (B) | 70. (B) | 95. (A) |
| 21. (D) | 46. (A) | 71. (B) | 96. (A) |
| 22. (A) | 47. (B) | 72. (D) | 97. (A) |
| 23. (C) | 48. (C) | 73. (C) | 98. (B) |
| 24. (D) | 49. (C) | 74. (C) | 99. (A) |
| 25. (D) | 50. (D) | 75. (C) | 100. (D) |

76. (C) Replace 'whom' by 'who', as 'who' is a relative pronoun used as a subject.
77. (B) Change 'are' into 'is', as 'None' takes singular verb.
78. (C) Change 'approximate' by 'approximately'. 'Hiked' a verb takes adverb and 'approximate' is an adjective.
89. (B) 'Everybody' takes pronoun 'himself'.
90. (B) Here 'need' has been used as a main verb, which need to be in past form, as the sentence is in Past Tense.
91. (C) 'Many a' takes a singular noun and is followed by a singular verb.

Note:- Whatsapp with Mock Test No. and Question No. at 9560866063 for any of the doubts. Join the group and you may also share your suggestions and experience of Sunday Mock Test.

Note:- If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact 9313111777